

SLIMLINE 38



TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Design variants		CLASSIC	CUBIC	FERRO
Min. visible width inward opening window	Frame	33.5 mm	33.5 mm	33.5 mm
	Vent	23 mm	22 mm	21.5 mm
Min. visible width outward opening window	Frame	29 mm	-	18.5 mm
	Vent	60.5 mm	-	60.5 mm
Min. visible width inward opening window-door	Frame	33.5 mm	33.5 mm	59.5 mm
	Vent	52.5 mm	52.5 mm	52.5 mm
Min. visible width outward opening window-door	Frame	29 mm	-	18.5 mm
	Vent	82 mm	-	82 mm
Min. visible width T-profile		48 mm	48 mm	48 mm
Overall system depth window	Frame	99 mm	76 mm	76 mm
	Vent	86 mm	75 mm	72 mm
Rebate height		13.5 mm	13.5 mm	13.5 mm
Glass thickness		up to 55 mm	up to 55 mm	up to 55 mm
Glazing method		dry glazing with EPDM or neutral silicones		
Thermal insulation		omega-shaped fibreglass reinforced polyamide strips (frame 40 mm - vent 32 mm)		
High Insulation variant (HI)		available	available	available

PERFORMANCES

ENERGY													
	Thermal Insulation ⁽¹⁾ EN ISO 10077-2	Uf-value down to 1.7 W/m ² K depending on the frame/vent combination and the glass thickness. Uw of less than 1.4 W/m ² K for a standard window section ⁽²⁾											
COMFORT													
	Acoustic performance ⁽³⁾ EN ISO 140-3; EN ISO 717-1	R _w (C;C _{tr}) = 38 (-1; -4) dB / 45 (-1; -5) dB, depending on glazing type											
	Air tightness, max. test pressure ⁽⁴⁾ EN 1026; EN 12207	1 (150 Pa)		2 (300 Pa)		3 (600 Pa)		4 (600 Pa)					
	Water tightness ⁽⁵⁾ EN 1027; EN 12208	1A (0 Pa)	2A (50 Pa)	3A (100 Pa)	4A (150 Pa)	5A (200 Pa)	6A (250 Pa)	7A (300 Pa)	8A (450 Pa)	9A (600 Pa)	E (1200 Pa)		
	Wind load resistance, max. test pressure ⁽⁶⁾ EN 12211; EN 12210	1 (400 Pa)		2 (800 Pa)		3 (1200 Pa)		4 (1600 Pa)		5 (2000 Pa)		E _{xxx} (> 2000 Pa)	
	Wind load resistance to frame deflection ⁽⁶⁾ EN 12211; EN 12210	A (≤ 1/150)				B (≤ 1/200)				C (≤ 1/300)			
SAFETY													
	Burglar resistance ⁽⁷⁾ EN 1628-EN 1630; EN 1627	RC1				RC2				RC3			

This table shows possible classes and values of performances. The values indicated in red are the ones relevant to this system.

- (1) The Uf-value measures the heat flow. The lower the Uf-value, the better the thermal insulation of the frame.
- (2) Window dimension of 1.23m x 1.48m, with glass of 1.1 W/m²K.
- (3) The sound reduction index (Rw) measures the capacity of the sound reduction performance of the frame.
- (4) The air tightness test measures the volume of air that would pass through a closed window at a certain air pressure.
- (5) The water tightness testing involves applying a uniform water spray at increasing air pressure until water penetrates the window.
- (6) The wind load resistance is a measure of the profile's structural strength and is tested by applying increasing levels of air pressure to simulate the wind force. There are up to five levels of wind resistance (1 to 5) and three deflection classes (A,B,C). The higher the number, the better the performance.
- (7) The burglar resistance is tested by static and dynamic loads, as well as by simulated attempts to break in using specified tools. This variant requires specific burglar resistance accessories.